



# J&L Garden Center

*The All Season Gift  
and Garden Center*

620 North 500 West Bountiful, Utah 292-0421

[www.JLGardenCenter.com](http://www.JLGardenCenter.com)

## Lawn Care Tips

**Fertilize your lawn four times each year.**

1. Spring - April to May
2. Summer - May to June  
Skip July to Early-August
3. Fall - Late-August to September
4. Winter - October to November

### Spring Lawn Care

- Apply **Crabgrass Preventer** when the Forsythia plants are just about finished blooming, approximately April 15 to 30.
- Fertilize your lawn every 6 to 8 weeks during the spring, summer, and fall with **21-7-7 Lawn Food**, or one of the other recommended types of fertilizers.
- Apply broadleaf weed killers to kill dandelions and other weeds when the weeds are actively growing. Approximately May 1 to November 1.
- Water lawns with approximately 1" of water per week. Apply 1/2" of water each time you water.
- Mow your lawn 1.5" long.
- Apply **humic acid** to promote healthy roots and to prevent thatch buildup. You can apply humic acid once or twice a year, every year, to help your lawn improve.
- Aerate your lawn to promote better water penetration and to stimulate root growth.

### Summer Lawn Care

- Fertilize your lawn with **21-7-7 Lawn Food** approximately June 1 to June 30.
- Do not fertilize during July or early-August unless you absolutely have to.
- Apply broadleaf weed killers until the temperature gets above 85°F. The temperature must stay below 85°F degrees for the next 24 hours, after you spray, to be safe.
- Kill Spurge and Oxalis plants as soon as you see them. Don't wait too long because they produce seeds even when the plants are young.
- Let your lawn slow down during the heat of summer by reducing the amount of fertilizer you apply.
- Water your lawn with about 2" of water per week. Apply 1/2" of water each time you water.
- Apply **Crabgrass and Spurge Control** approximately May 15 - 30 to prevent spurge. This would also be a second application of crabgrass control if you have a major crabgrass problem in your lawn.
- Spray **Fertilome Liquid Crabgrass Killer** in July and August to control any young crabgrass plants that may have germinated, especially around the edges of your lawn. This spray also kills watergrass, goosegrass, barnyard grass and many other of the annual grassy weeds.
- Kill Bermuda Grass and Quack Grass during the heat of the

summer. These grasses do not die unless the temperature is hot. Apply Killzall every two or three weeks until you are sure that all the roots and rhizomes are dead. Do not try to replant your lawn until you are sure that all the grass is completely dead.

- Apply grub control in May and/or September to control Sod Webworms.
- Apply grub control in July and/or August to control lawn Billbugs.
- Mow lawns 2.5" to 3" tall. The longer the better during the summer.
- Apply a lawn fungicide to prevent brown patch, fusarium, or melting out.
- Apply humic acid to promote healthy roots, to help prevent and control lawn diseases, and to help eliminate a thatch buildup.

### Fall Lawn Care

- Fertilize your lawn with either **21-7-7 Lawn Food** or **Weed and Feed** approximately Labor Day weekend.
- Mow your lawn 1.5" - 2" long, not the 2.5" - 3" long that you mowed during the summer.
- Control broadleaf weeds, especially clover and morning glory. Fall is an excellent time to kill many lawn weeds.
- Kill Oxalis before the temperature drops below 80° F. Use **Fertilome Weed Free Zone** for the best control of Oxalis.
- Water lawns 1" per week.
- Make sure any Bermuda Grass or Quack Grass, you are trying to control, is completely dead before replanting your lawn.
- Apply humic acid to promote healthy roots.
- Apply grub control until mid-October. Many lawn insects stop damaging the lawn when the soil temperature cools down, so insecticides are not very effective late in the fall.
- Continue to watch for signs of lawn diseases such as Rust and Necrotic Ring Spot.
- Remove mature crabgrass plants before they can produce seeds. The more seeds you remove this year, the less weeds you have to deal with next year.
- Power rake and over-seed your lawn in the fall rather than in the spring.
- Fall is the best time to plant a new lawn.

### Winter Lawn Care

- Fertilize with Fall & Winter Fertilizer approximately October 15 to November 30.
- Mow your lawns 1.5" until the last mowing of the year. Then cut it short.
- Rake leaves. Do not let them remain on the lawn very long.
- Apply a lawn fungicide to help prevent snowmold if your lawn has had a snowmold problem in previous years.